ISSN: 2755-9866

Journal of Health Statistics Reports



Review Article Open d Access

M-SIS to T-MSIS Migration-Challenges and Solutions

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ABSTRACT

An advancement in Medicaid data management in the US is needed for migration from the Medical Statistical Information System (M-SIS) to the Transformed Medical Statistical Information System (T-MSIS). The focus of this study is to check the prime principles of this transition, which includes source data handling, combined working with external vendors, and mapping that is source to target. The adoption of T-MSIS's goal is to restrict the limitations of M-SIS by giving perfect, up-to-date and reliable information. The process is filled with the issues that are related to techniques, operations, amd aorganization. By taking an example that the data should be protected and secured. To solve such issues in the information exchange process, it is very important to be punctual in putting the efforts and investments for the betterment of technology and its infrastructure. Many advantages will be achieved from this transmission like the policies will be improved and the delivery of healthcare will be efficient. The success of this transmission will lead to better transparency, accountability, and efficiency of the program.

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Received: May 06, 2022; Accepted: May 13, 2022; Published: May 20, 2022

Index Terms- M-SIS, T-MSIS, Migration

Introduction

In the transmission of the Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS) to the Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System (T-MSIS) in the field of management and analysis of Medicaid information in the US, there is a chance of improvement. The improvement will be seen in the terms of policy making, that includes the processes by which the information is steamlined and the Medicaid related information will be improved in terms of quality. Medicaid is a very important system in the American healthcare industry. It has almost 70 million users. The functions like the collection, organization, and analysis of the Medicaid data from all across the states were completed in the first implementation of M-SIS in 1990s. But the system went through many challenges. The factors that affect the Medicaid programs, like the changes in state reporting practices and the increasing requirement for detailed and up-to-date information, have improved the features of M-SIS. Furthermore, the stakeholders, both federal and state agencies, researchers, and decision-makers, have encountered complications while dealing with MSIS information to get effective management and policy development [1].

The development of T-MSIS results from the challenges that the Centre of Medicare and Medicaid Services has faced. The system has multiple features. The flexible, competitive, and comprehensive features T-MSIS focuses on is to provide more informative and up-to-date medicate data, with numerous features like the demographics of the beneficiary, information regarding providers, claims and encounter data, and data by the care providers. By having such features, the T-MSIS will have the ability to manage the Medicaid programs more efficiently. The Goal of T-MSIS is to provide and improve the quality of data and standardise it across the states. The procedure that the MSIS system follows for the different variations depends upon

how the states have provided the data, the circumstances, and the gaps between them. The T-MSIS has developed more accurate ways through which the information will be submitted and the process through which the information will be validated. This process will make sure that the data that is collected is accurate and has come from all the states. By doing Will gain the trust of the stakeholders so that they can depend on the T-MSIS system to get precise analysis and do proof based decision making [2].

Another motive behind the T-MSIS system is to remove or limit the delays in the information. The MSIS lack this ability and takes so much time to get the data gathered and to analyze, and due to this, the decisions get late. To overcome this issue, T-MSIS system is being developed so that the data can be collected quickly and can be processed in less to no time. This makes the policymakers at ease as they can get the required data at the needed time to make sudden and emergency decisions. The improvement in the accessibility and usability of the Medicaid information is also a points in the transmission to T-MSIS. The system is incorporated with the latest features, which will help in up-to-date analysis. This will allow the system to provide a sophisticated analysis while combining it with the different visualization tools. After having a refined and detailed analysis through such advanced techniques will allow the users to have thorough and accurate information [3].

The migration procedure from MSIS to T-MSIS is very efficient and reliable, but it is not simple and is full of challenges. To make sure that the data is correct and secured, it needs a lot of coordination and collaboration between the federal and state agencies, factors like the investments in the technology and constant practice. This migration process has multiple stages the development of the system, testing the features, plotting the programs, and at the end achieving the goal. And every step has its complications that have to be solved. Apart from these issues, the advantages of T-MSIS are unexplainable. The results

J Health Statist Rep, 2022 Volume 1(2): 1-3

that will be obtained by the T-MSIS system include the on-thespot information gathering, data accuracy, and the data usage to achieve the required results. This will allow the stakeholders to use this information to make better decisions about the Medicaid programs [3].

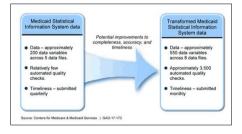
Regulatory Reporting and the Reporting Systems Used by Various States in the Usa

Punctuality in the gathering of data or reporting is an essential feature of Medicaid and other health-related programs in the US, as they show the availability, transparency, and efficiency of the present resources. This step consists of a sequence in which the data will be gathered, analyzed, and generate the results according to the resources. This step is very impressive as it shows the program's importance and will help create effective policies. Across the state,, different tools and reporting systems are used to complete the requirements of the duty while adopting more efficient and advanced solutions to improve their output than others.

The processes like the Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System (T-MSIS), makes a lot of positive change in the area of Medicaid programs, it is proved in the study of a scholar. In the article of by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), the goal of this program is to make timely updation in the data, by going through the Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS). The positive change includes the standard of the quality and regularity among the states for delivering the data.

The issues that are related to the gathering, submission of data along with its technical problems is a major problem tha stated are dealing with. These issues can bring a lot of trouble in the context of Medicaid programs, due to these a huge distance is created which further leads to unreasonable analysis. Many states invested a huge amount of time and money o update their reporting system, some states integrated different systems to make one, just to fullfil there requirments. Like the combination of Health Information Exchanges (HIEs) and Electronic Health Records (EHRs) to get better in the sharing of data and to get hands on required data on time.

Combining multiple systems to improve the efficiency and effectivity of the reporting system is also discussed in this study. It is very important that multiple systems that are being used to get the targeted information, and giving a productive outcome is very essential. The integration of multiple systems also allows the researchers to gain and study the efficiency of working and the outputs that are generated. This feature is significant in the field of Medicaid, which consists of complicated sets of networks, users, and administrators. Although the technology has been revised this transition is not easy with such difficulties. States do face different kinds of issues and problems related to techniques, tasking, and budgeting when they are upgrading their resources. The transition requires a lot of investment in technology, training, and management. The most important part is the security of the data, as this field consists of sensitive data is very important [4].



Montana Reporting Systems and Their Evolution

Montana's reporting systems have changed themselves to improve the efficiency, accuracy, and data management for Medicaid and other public health sectors. Montana is not different from the typical reporting systems that are delayed in data gathering, reporting, and providing analysis just because of their limitations.

The Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System (T-MSIS) is an important feature in Montana's efforts to improve the reporting infrastructure. The features of T-MSIS, like the ontime data sharing, minimize the limitations of the last Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS). While using the T-MSIS, Montana can achieve its goal to have on-time data sharing, accuracy of the data and quality of analysis. This system is also capable of combining multiple systems for better results.

The advancements in the Montana reporting system also include the implementation of Health Information Exchanges (HIEs) and Electronic Health Records (EHRs). By using such facilities, the data sharing between different health providers becomes easy for on-time sharing, accurate response, and complete work becomes not an issue. Many investments are made by Montana to get updated information visualization tools to improve the quality of reported information. These tools have the feature to provide updated and up-to-the-mark analyses, allowing stakeholders and policymakers to use that data for better outputs [5].

M-SIS to T-MSIS: Source Data, Data Migration to External Vendors, and Source to Target Mapping

The transition from the Medicaid Statistical Information System (M-SIS) to the Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System (T-MSIS) consists of multiple questions, like how the information will be gathered, organized, and output will be generated. The most important factor of these transitions consist of capturing the source of information, sharing data with outside users, and doing quick process for mapping.

Source Data

The source data in the M-SIS and T-MSIS consists of a massive set of information gathered from different Medicaid programs from all around the states. The data can be the demographics related to beneficaiy, the providers or can be any claims. It is complicated as they are gathered all around the states and from multiple systems each having a different version of up date. The accuracy of data is the main concern.

Data Migration to External Vendors

The migration process also includes the sharing of data with users that are not the part of the system. These users are responsible for separating the source data that was sent by different states according to the standards of the T-MSIS and transfer that data into new systems. This process is very sensitive as they have to reduce the errors in the updated file, so they need a lot of attention and resources. The users who are responsible should have the facilities and experience to undergo such situations.

Source to Target Mapping

The indepth alignment of data factors that are from te source (M-SIS) to the target (T-MSIS) is known as the source-to-target mapping that is considered as the important part of the process. The mapping include the testing of the data that is present in the updated system is correct or not. To go through such procedures, a feel and thorough understanding of both systems are very important [5].

J Health Statist Rep, 2022 Volume 1(2): 2-3

Challenges Faced in the Data Exchange Process

There are many complications in the transition to highly advanced data exchange processes, such as the shift from the Medicaid Statistical Information System (M-SIS). These complications can be technical, operational, and organizational domains, and going through such complications to achieve the goal while keeping the standards high is extremely difficult [7].

Technical Challenges

One of the most basic complications is to transfer the information in multiple connected devices. The data collected from all across the states have their formats, tools and standards. Getting the required output from such systems that are combined through different means and keeping the data secure is a risky and tough task. It is very hard to make sure that the data is protected and that there is no error when the data is being transferred from one system to another. There should be a tool to increase the speed and accuracy of the system.

Operational Challenges

The operational difficulties are those that are occurred due to the huge amount of data that is not being shared on time. The current systems, like the M-SIS, face difficulties due to such problems and cause delays and issues in policy-making. This transition will allow the system to overcome this problem and get on-time data.

Organizational Challenges

The challenges that are associated with the organization include the training of the staff and infrastructure. The data that is being shared and delivered should be kept in updated systems. In order to stand in such a position, detailed training of staff should be done, and support should be provided to the stakeholders so that they can understand the working and procedures to generate an output from it. While performing all these tasks, the accuracy and security of the information is another point and a challenge for the organization [7].



Figure 1: Challenges in Data Exchange Process

Conclusion

The upgrading from the Medicaid Statistical Information System (M-SIS) to the Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System (T-MSIS) is an updation in the history of management and utilization of Medicaid information all over the states. The

need for this transition is to achieve a piece of quick and secure information to support programs, policy-making, and decision making. The advancements of such systems supported by, Montana is the requirement of the growing data in the field of Medicaid programs.

Multiple steps are required while migrating from the M-SIS to T-MSIS, the very first is the handling of data correctly with the outside users and for the perfect mapping. Every step that is involved in the migration is critical. Apart from the advantages of T-MSIS, some challenges should be kept in mind. These challenges include the technical issues that are connected with the system, operational problems that are related to the real-time data, and the last organizational challenges regarding the infrastructure and training of staff.

In Medicaid data management the transformation of M-SIS to T-MSIS is significant by going through such challenges regarding the technical, operational, and organizational issues. States can benefit from T-MSIS to achieve the required information with accuracy and on time. This will help in better policy-making and give a chance to provide better healthcare services for thousands of Medicaid programs all over the states.

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J Health Statist Rep, 2022 Volume 1(2): 3-3